NO. 33.

MESSAGE

measures adopted in consequence same court, upon the subject. thereof, by the Government.

Washington, Dec. 13, 1831. To the Senate of the United States,

I transmit herewith, in obedience to a resolution of the Senate, of the 8th December, 1831, all the information in possession of the Executive, relative to adopted by the President. "the capture, abduction, and imprisonmeut of American citizens, by the provincial authorities of New Brunswick, and the measures which, in consequence thereof, have been adopted by the Executive of the United States."

ANDREW JACKSON. List of papers transmitted to the Senate, with the President's Message, relative

to the imprisonment of American citi zeas by the authorities of New Bruns-1. Letter from Mr. Van Buren to

Gov. Smith, 9th March, 1831. 2. The same to the same, 18th March 1831.

3. Mr. Livingston to the same, 5th Oct. 1831.

4. The same to the same, 21st Oct. 1331. 5. The same to the same, 10th Nov

1831. 6. Mr. Livingston to Mr. Bankhead 17th Oct. 1831.

7. The same to the same, 28th Nov. **4**S31.

8. Mr. Bankhead to Mr. Livingston, Ist Oct. 1831.

9 The same to the same, 20th Oct. 1831. 10. The same to the same, 25th Nov.

1831. 11. Gov. Smith to Mr. Livingston. with documents, 13th Oct. 1831.

12. Gov. Smith to Mr. Livingston with documents, 10th Nov. IS31.

13. The same to the same, with doc uments, 12th Oct. 1831.

Mr. Van Buren to Mr. Smith.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE. Washington, 9th March, 1831.

SIR: I had the honor yesterday to receive the letter which your excellency wrote to me on the 2d of this month, enclosing one addressed to the President of the United States, communicating resolves of the Legislature of Maine | your Excellency the copy of a note just in relation to the boundary between that received from the Charge d'Affaires of and to state to your excellency, that I formation on the subject as you may posforthwith laid the letter for him, with its sess, and to add the expression of his enclosures, before the President, agreea- earnest wish that no measures may be bly to your request.

inform your Excellency, as I have the whole subject can be acted upon at the which were immediately submitted to cite the Governor of Maine, under the ham, and Davee of the Senate, and honor of doing, that an official account ensuing session of Congress. has not yet been received by this Gov- Your Excellency, and the people of he learns with great satisfaction that "a measures; and thus the fruits of moderernment, of the award of the King of the your State, must be fully aware of the em- meeting of the Executive Council has ation and mutual forbearance, during so field of Sidney, and Lane of Alexander. Netherlands upon the question submit- barrassment which will be created by any been held, and measures adopted to pre- long a period, will be lost for the want ted to his arbitrament, in relation to the act tending to produce irritation between vent, if possible, any farther collission of perseverance in them for the shore Hodgman and Gibson of the Senate, and boundary referred to; but that as soon the two countries, and, at the same time between our citizens and the authorities time that is now wanting to bring the be prepared, and communicated to your where it was not exercised before, and Congress." This disposition justifies therefore, sir, that I invite your interpo-Excellency. In the mean time, I am au- when it may be contested, or provoke a the confidence he felt in the moderation sition with his Excellency, the Lieut. thorized and directed by him to add, for like extension on the other side, and wisdom of the Government and the Governor of New Brunswick to induce which the importance and delicacy of peace of the nation, and the right of the tervention of Congress, be attained, that Governments. On our part, the desire Yarmou he the points embraced in those resolves, State. and the deep interest which they involve as well as the high respectability of the he relies on your Excellency's prudence close as may consist with the interests of existing state of things on our northeas- Messrs. Steele of Brownfield, Baker of

I have the honor to be, &c., M. VAN BUREN. His Excellency San't E. Smith. Governor of the State of Maine, Portland.

Same to sume.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Weshington, 18th March, 1831. have the honor to transmit, herewith, to od, is of such consequence to the nation. your Excellency, a copy and translation The President has instructed me to make of the award given in relation to the these reflections, more from a feeling northeastern boundary of the United that it was his duty to communicate States, upon the question which was sub- them, than from any fear that they wo'd mitted to the King of the Netherlands by this Government and that of Great lency, and have their proper influence. Britain concerning that boundary; which award was officially delivered to the Minister of the United States at the Hague, on the 10th day of January last, and by him forwarded to the department, where it was received on the 16th

inst. With a view of making your Excelfency acquainted with the state of this transaction, as received here, I also at the Hagne thought it his duty, with- Majesty a note, of which the enclosed is work of inconsiderate individuals. out instructions to that effect from the a copy, by which you will observe the Foreign Affairs of the Government to United States to conform, with scrupu-

from his despatch to this department, - preserving the state of things, as it then New Brunswick, and were on their way have been complied with, and to say

States, which will, forthwith he granted, should interfere with this agreement. - | mending to the Lieutenant Governor of and expressed an earnest wish that he The first extract from your letter which New Brunswick the release of the prismay be further heard upon the subject! I communicated in mine to Mr. Bank- oners who were arrested for exercising

leney in his behalf, in my letter of the Minister. Your Excellency's letter,-9th inst., that the subject of this award however, of the 13th instant, has given ties in relation to the award shall be ful- charge, transmitting a copy of the warwill receive all attention and considera- to the President much concern. The ly known; all subjects calculated to pro- rant directed by William D. Williamson tion to which its great importance and call for his protection to the citizens of duce irritation, therefore, ought evident to Walter Powers, to hold a town meetthe interests of the State of Maine, to your State who have been arrested in ly to be avoided. The arrest of the per- ing to choose selectmen, town clerk, &c. materially involved therein, especially consequence of those proceedings, and sons concerned in the election must pro- with a certificate from J. A. Maclauchentitle it, in the councils of the Execu- for repelling what you consider as an in- duce that feeling in a high degree. A lin "Warden of the disputed territory," tive of the United States; and to add vasion of the State, would have called conviction cannot take place without e- certifying that such town meeting was that no time will be lost in communica- for very different measures, if the first liciting a decision from the bench declar- held, &c. ting to your Excellency the result of his departure from the understanding be- atory of, and enforcing the jurisdiction deliberations upon it as soon as he shall tween the two Governments had not over the territory in dispute, which it is acknowledged the receipt of Mr. Livhave determined upon the course which proceeded from the persons who have the present policy of both powers to a ingston's note of the 19th, informing him a sense of his high and responsible du- been arrested, and if the authority exer- void, at least for the short time that must that it had been trensmitted to the Lieut.

dent will rely with confidence upon the de facto in the occupation of the B.itish. excited must mevitably be hostile to that candor and liberality of your Excellency As the case is, however, the President spirit of conciliation so necessary where and the other constituted authorities of cannot consider the continuance of the sacrifices of national feeling and indi-Maine, in appreciating the motives occupation by the officers, civil or mili- vidual interest are required for the com- Boutelle, and Thayer of the Sanate, which may influence that course on his tary, of the British Province, as an inva- mon good. It would be absurd here to and Messrs. Williams of Augusta, Dane part, and in a correspondent interpreta- sion, but will take all proper measures enter into the question of title. Both of Kennebunk M'Crate of Nobleboro', tion of them to your constituents, in to procure the release of the ill advised parties claim it; no act that either can Kent of Bangor, and Cilley of Thomas-

Excellency, I am instructed by the Prest that you would use your authority and subject that a mutual understanding has and Messrs. Clifford of Newfield, Dumident to express his desire that, while influence to prevent any further collis- been had, to leave things in the state in mer of Hallowell, Pierce of Gorham, the matter is under deliberation, no steps ion with the British authorities, in the which they are, until the question of a Fessender of Portland, Boyd of Harmay be taken by the State of Maine, firm persuasion that the wisdom of Conwith regard to the disputed territory, gress will direct such ultimate measures! which might be calculated to interrupt as will bring controversy to a close, con- individuals, in contravention of this un- erson, Boutelle, and Ingalls of the Senor embarrass the action of the Executive sistent with the interest and dignity of derstanding, have proceeded to do acts, ate, and Messrs. Magoun of Bath, Lord

I have the honor to be, &c. M. VAN BUREN. His Excellency SAMUEL E SMITH, Governor of Maine.

> Mr. Livingston to Mr. Smith. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, Oct. 5th 1831.

Six: I have the honor to transmit to State and the British province of New His Britannic Majesty. In directing me Brunswick, and its reference to the ar- to make this communication, the Presibitrament of the King of the Netherlands; dent has directed me to ask for such intaken by the State authorities that will receive your Excellency's letter of the in which he thinks the boundaries of his land. I am now directed by the President to change the state of things, before the 10th instant, with its enclosures, all of

to repress, as far as lies in your power all

Congress will meet in the course of a Frederickton. few weeks, and it will be a source of I have the honor to be, &c. deep regret if the moderation and forbearance which have hitherto character- His Excly Sam'l E. SMITH, ized the government & people of Maine should cease to guide them, when their Sin: By the President's direction, I further continuance, for so short a peri- Letter from Mr. Livingsion to Mr. Banknot suggest themselves to your Excel-

I have the honor to be &c. EDWARD LIVINGSTON. His Exc'y Samuel E. Smith. Governor of the State of Maine.

> Same to the same. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, Oct. 21, 1831.

Sin: As soon as I had received your

FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE CRITED STATES. shewing the character of his partest, and existed on both sides, until a final dispo- to be imprisoned at Frederickton. for the purpose of visiting the United which were actually held by the British | ly suggest the propriety of your recombefore any measures in regard to it are, head, gave the President reason to be- this act of authority, in the territory mulieve, as I expressed myself, that the e-I have the honor likewise by the di- lection meetings at Madawaska were unrection of the President, to repeat the authorised as they were, clearly a breach | Governments. assurance which I made to your Excel- of the arrangement with the British receives the strongest assurances from land; but it has not so been followed Augusta. the Representative of the British Gov- out : it is disavowed by the power whose On Incorporation of Towns-Messrs. ernment, that no innovation will be assent is necessary to carry it into exe- Davee, Pike, and Lithgow of the functionaries, and, on our part, good faith can have no more effect than if the num- mington, Dunn of Poland, Robinson of as well as the protection of the frontier ber of men had met at Madawaska, and Newcastle, Tuttle of Canaan, and Allen from unauthorized mutual inroads, re- declared themselves duly elected mem- of Greene. quire the same course of conduct. I have the honor to be, &c.

EDW. LIVINGSTON. His Exc'y SAMUEL E. SMITH, Governor of Maine, Portland.

> Mr. Livingston to Mr. Smith. DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Washington, November 16, 1831. of bringing the controversy with respect of the Ceneral Governments to avoid The President directs me to say that to the northeastern boundary to such a any measures tending to a change in the Smith, and Goodwin of the Senate, and

the release of the persons confined at

EDW. LIVINGSTON. Governor of Maine, Portland.

head, Charge a Affaires of his Britannic

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, Oct. 17, 1831. Governor of the State of Maine for information on the subject of it. I have just received his answer, of which I have

thorities of New Brunswick, and the the ambassador or Great Britain at the lency, and it was distinctly understood, authority of the State, no act of authori- ernments. that no exertion of the State authority ty or exercise of jurisdiction having fol-Mr. Preble has asked leave of absence in the parts of the disputed territory lowed the elections, I would respectful assurance of his high consideration. tually claimed by the two nations, con- head to Mr. Livingston, dated Oct. 1, trary to the understanding between their 1831, complaining of an attempt by cer-

collission until the intention of both par- State of Maine, and to substantiate the ties may suggest as proper on the occa- cised recently by the Government of N. clapse before the question can be finally Gov. of N. Brunswick. Brunswick had been a settlement, which settled. If punishment should follow Under these circumstances, the Presi- at the time of the arrangement, was not conviction, the passions that would be whose patriotism and discretion he has persons who have been the cause of the do is necessary to assist its right, while ton. disturbance. The President desires me there is hope of an amicable arrange- On Literary Institutions-Messrs. Hun-In making this communication to your to reiterate to you his anxious desire ment; and it was with this view of the ton, Keith, and Groton of the Senate, ward is settled.

> bers of the British Parliament. The act | On Division of Tewns-Messrs Merviduals concerned. This is at once a Palmyra, and Gove of Corinth. practical decision of the question, and In the meantime, measures have been | Executive of the State of Maine, so that | On Agriculture-Messrs. Smith, Scamsuffer any change.

I have great pleasure, sir, in renewing of Athens, and Callison of Charlotte. on this occasion, the assurance of my high consideration.

E. LIVINGSTON. CHARLES BANKHEAD, Charge d'Affaires of his Britannic Maj. | Freepost, Lake of Lucksport.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Washington, Nov. 28, 1828. Sin: Immediately after receiving your &c. has the honor to acknowledge the Lubec, and Strout of Lurham. note of the 1st instant, I wrote to the receipt of a note from Mr. Bankhead, his | Incorporation of Perishes-Messrs. the honor to enclose two extracts. By Lieut. Governor of the Province of New and Jordan of Raymond. the first, you will perceive that the elec- Brunswick; by both of which the Sec- On Interior Fisheries- Messrs Easttion of town officers in the settlement of retary of State is informed, that the citi- man and Gibson of the Senate, and Madawaska, of which complaint was zens of the United States lately under Messrs M'Kown of Brothbay, Cunmade in the papers enclosed in your let- prosecution at Frederickton for acts done ningham of Edgecomb, and Worcester ter, were made under color of a general in the territory now possessed by Great of Vinalhaven. law which was not intended by either Britain, within that country claimed by On Application for Military Pensions Excellency's letter of the 12th instant, I the Executive or Legislative authority both that power and the United States, -Messrs. Burnham and Bridgham of fransmit herewith, a copy of the protest by direction of the President, wrote to of that State to be executed in that set- have been set at liberty, in accordance the Senate, and Tewksbury of Oxford, which the Minister of the United States the Charge d'Affaires of his Britannic thement, and that the whole was the with the suggestions made in the former Easterbrook of Camden, and Bartlett of correspondence between Mr. B. and the Norway. ward referred to, together with extracts with the Minister of Great Britain, for Lieutenant Governor of the Province of prompt manner in which his suggestions Cray, and Cary of Houleon.

With documents relating to the capture,; the grounds upon which it was made, sition could be made of the question. - The innovation on the existing state position of his Britannic Majesty's offiabducation, and imprisonment of A- and a copy of the correspondence be- This arrangement between the two na- of things, in the disputed territory, be- cers to preserve the la many that so merican citizens, by the provincial au- tween himself and Sir Charles Bagot, tions was communicated to your Excel- ing distinctly avowed by the Executive happily subsists between the two Gov-

The undersigned renews to Mr. B. the E. LIVINGSTON.

CHARLES BANKHEAD Esq. Charge d'Affaires of his Britannic Maj.

[Here follows the letter of Mr. Banktain persons to elect town officers, &c. It is their avowed object to avoid any at Madawaska, under authority of the

To be continued.

MAINE LIGISLATURE.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

On the part of the Americans, some | On Banks and Banking-Messrs. Embranch of this Government upon the the United States, and particularly with which, if followed out, would change the of South Berwick, Gerrish of Portland, the State interested in the question. He political State of part of the disputed Dunlap of Brunswick, and Robinson of

, cution. It is, therefore, of no avail, and Senate, and Messrs. Beither of Far-

interferes with no right; it comes into rill, Webb and Smith of the Senate, actual collission with no established pow- and Messrs. Shaw of Sanford, Francis of er. Not so the punishment of the indi- Leeds, Strout of Limerick, Lancey of On State Lands-Messrs. Sweat. Tal-

may lead to retaliating legal measures; bot, and Emerson of the Senate, and if the Lieut. Governor of M. Brunswick Messrs. O'Brien of Machias, Williams feels himself obliged, as he says he does of Augusta, Phelps of Fairfield, M'-Sir: I had the honor this morning to to impose the authority of the law with- Mel'an of Fryeburg, and Miller of How-

the President, who directs me to say that same sense of duty, to pursue the like Messrs. Jarvis of Ellsworth, Thompson

as it is received, he will cause a copy to the mutility of extending jurisdiction of New Brunswick, until the meeting of controversy to an amicable close. It is, Phip burg, Chase of Atkinson, Emery of Bidd ford, and Robinson of Bethel.

On Turnpikes, Bridges, and Canalsthe information of your Excellency, and that too at so short a period before the people of Maine; and he instructs me him to set at liberty the persons arrested ham of the Senate, and Messrs. Cumof the Legislature of Maine, that its re- meeting of Congress, when it cannot be to add the expression of his belief that, on their engagement to make no change mings of Cape Elizabeth, Perkins of actives shall receive all the attention of doubted that such measures will be ta- by a perseverance in the same course the in the state of things until the business | Kennel unkport, Woodbury or Minot, the Executive of the United States, to ken as will comport with justice, the end so desirable to all may, by the in- shall be finally decided between the two Shapleigh of Berwick, and True of North

On the Militia-Messrs. Hodgman, source from which they emanate, so em- to avoid any unnecessary exertion of au- the United States and the rights of the tern boundary, has been fully, and it is Windham, Kinsman of Cornville, Sawbelieved, efficaciously expressed to the yer of Brooks, and Gracelon of Lewiston.

such acts as may endanger the quiet of taken which, it is expected, will procure the actual relation of the State with the mon, and Lithgow of the Senate, Messrs. neighboring province, wil. not in future Crowell of Waterville, Trafton of Cornish. Chamberlain of Foxcroft, Bradbury

On Manufactures Messrs. Pike, Eastman and Merrili of the Senate, and Messrs. Smith of V estbrook, Parsons of Sebec, Clark of Winthrop, Soule of

On Accounts-Messrs. Goodwin, Webb and Lithgow of the Senate, and Messrs. Robinson of Vassalhoro', Bodwell of The undersigned, Secretary of State, Shapleigh, Libbey of China, Mowry of

Britannic Majesty's Charge d'Affaires, Scammon and Pike, of the Senate, and of the 25th instant, accompanied by the Messrs. Swett of Prospect, Baxter of copy of a letter from Sir A. Campbell, the Bristol, Lord of Trentov, Hunt of Avon,

By the second extract, it will appear | Secretary of State. Mr. B's note, with On Claims-Messrs. Gioton. Wibb, President, to address to the Minister of extreme desire of the Executive of the that the individuals said to be most prom its enclosure, has been laid before the and Sweat of the Senate, and Messes. inent in setting up the authority of the President, who has instructed the under- Knowlton of Montville, E. on of Winswhich he has accredited, against the a- lous good faith, to the arrangement made State, have been arrested by order of the signed to express his satisfaction at the low, Dyer of New Sharor, Smith

On Public Buildings-Messrs. Hunton, Emerson and Ingalls of the Senate, and Messes. Washburn of Livermore, Porter of New Portland, Dummer of Hallowell, Knowlton of Montville, and Smith of Portland.

SELECT COMMITTEES

On that part of the Message relating to And North Eastern Boundary-Messrs Williams of Augusta, O'Brien of Machias Clifford of Newfield, Gerrish of Portland, Mc'Crate of Nobleborough, Dummer of Hallowell, Steele of Brownfield, Jarvis of Ellsworth.

The Treusurer's Report-Messrs. Nason of Ocono, Folsom of Eastport, Eustis of Dixfield, Kidder of Notridgewock, Ingulis, of Bridgion.

Auditing Accounts against the State-Messts. Clark of Hallowell, Robinson of Vassalborough, Webber of York, Rust of Washington, Ludden of Canton.

IN THE SENATE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14. Mr. Megquire, from the joint committee to whom was referred so much of the Governor's message as relates to the North-eastern Boundary and the abduction of some of our citizens, made a report thereon, which was laid on the table, and Monday next at ten o'clock in the forenoon assigned as the time for a second reading, and 500 copies ordered bute of State Sovereignty which is unto be printed for the use of the Legisla-

Mr. Lithgaw member elect from Lincoln, appeared, was qualified, and took his seat.

The committee of both branches o the Legislature, to which was referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the Northeastern Boundary of the State, have had the same under consideration, and report in part:

That, by the treaty of Peace of 1783, between the United States and Great Britain, the North and East Boundary of the United States, is agreed and declared to be "from the Northwest angle which is formed by a line drawn due north from the source of the St. Croix River to the highlands, along the said highlands which divide those rivers that empty themselves into the St. Lawrence from those which fall into the Atlantic Ocean, to the north-westernmost head of Connecticut river.

East by a line to be drawn along the middle of the river St. Croix from its mouth in the bay of Fundy to its source, and from its source, directly North to the aforesaid highlands, which divide the rivers that fall into the Atlantic Ocean,from those that fall into the River St.

Lawrence." By the Proclamations and other acts of the British Government, long prior to the treaty of peace, the southern boundary of the Province of Quebec, and consequently the northern boundary of the province of Nova Scotia, was defined and described thus: "crossing the River St. Lawrence and the Lake Champlain in forty-five degrees of north latitude,passes along the highlands which divide the rivers that empty themselves into the said river St. Lawrence, from those and also deliver a copy to the Vice Preswhich fall into the sea, and also along ident, to each of the Heads of Departthe North Coast of the Bay des Chaleurs;" and the Western line of the ate, and to our Representatives in Conprovince of Nova Scotia, and conse-gress. quently, the Northwest angle thereof, was as early as 1763, defined and described by a public act of the King of G. Britain, in these words: "bounded by a line drawn from Cape Sable, across the entrance of the Bay of Fundy, to the

The river St. Croix, mentioned in the treaty of 1783, has been ascertained and agreed upon by the respective Governments of the United States and Great cating and enforcing the principals ad-Britain, and a monument was erected, at vanced, and positions taken, in the foreits source by consent of both Governments, and as the point from which the due north line to the highlands, was to be run, and it only remains that the line from that monument to the nortwest angle of Nova Scotia, or to the south line of the Province of Quebec, be run and marked, to designate upon the earth, the line between the United States and the ment of the Senate, a solemn event has British Province of Nova Scotia, agreed upon and described in the treaty of announce to this body. The Hon. Ben-1783.

boundary of our Colony of Quebec."

partly by both Governments, and partly lodgings at the house of Mr. J. Means, by the American government alone, of of this town, on Saturday evening last, the line running north from said monu- having been confined only one week .our citizens, who have been arrested and admonition to us to be also ready.

within the limits of this State protection of person and property, when ed and respected for his moral virtues. - parties prevailing shall in all cases reacting under the constitutional laws of For several years he represented his na- cover full costs, and to report by bill or

the State.

the right of the general government, to been at the head of the municipal consubmit to arbitration a question, which cerns of that town. It may emphatically might jeopardize our territorial rights, be said of him that he was one of the faand having adopted sundry Resolutions thers of the town of Saco. By this disexpressive of her views in relation to viving companion and only daughter are years 1830 and 1831. cated to the general government, and not deem it necessary, at this time, to eu- highly valued friend, and the town of ter more into detail; but they recommend the adoption of the Resolutions, which are herewith respectfully submit-

J L. MEGQUIRE, T. BOUTELLE, WM. EMERSON, R WILLIAMS, JERE O'BRIEN, N CLIFFORD, JOS. M. GERRISH, J. M'CRATE, C. DUMMER, JAMES STEELE, CHARLES JARVIS,

Resolved, That the Constitution of and absolute powers, out confers only a of the death of Benjamin Pike, the Senspecial and modified sovereignty, without authority to transfer to a foreign pow- o'clock this afternoon. er any portion of territory belonging to a State, without its consent.

Resolved, "That if there is an attriqualified and undeniable, it is the right of jurisdiction to the uttermost limits of State Territory; and if a single obligation under the Constitution rests upon the Confederacy, it is to guarantee the integrity of this territory to the undisturbed enjoyment of the States."

Resolved, That the doings of the King of Holland on the subject of the boundary between the United States and Great erlands; and that his recommendation lie nature, and also all advertisements, of a suitable or convenient line of houndary is not obligatory upon the parties to published in the public newspaper of this the submission.

Resolved, That this State protest against the adoption, by the Government of the U. States, of the line of boundary between Great Britain and the United States; inasmuch as it will be a violation of the rights of Maine-rights acknowledged and insisted upon by the General Government, and will be a precedeut which endangers the integrity, as well as the Independence, of every State

in the Union. Resolved, That while the people of this State are disposed to yield a ready obedience to the Constitution and laws of the United States, they will never consent to surrender any portion of their territory, on the recommendation of a

Foreign power. Resolved, That the Governor, with the advice of Council be authorized to appoint a competent Agent, whose duty it shall be, as soon as may be, to repair to the city of Washington, and deliver to the President of the United States a copy of the preceding Report and Resolutions with a request that he will lay the same before the Senate of the United States;

Resolved, That our Senators in Con gress be instructed, and our Representatives requested, to use their best efforts to prevent our State from being dismembered, our territory alienated, and our just rights prostrated, by the adoption of mouth of the river St. Croix. by the said a new line for our North Eastern Bounriver to its source, and by a line drawn dary, as recommended by the King of Holland. due north from thence to the southern

Resolved, That the Agent to be ap pointed by the Governor and Council be instructed to co-opperate with our Senators and Representatives, in advogoing Resolutions, and in supporting all such measures as shall be deemed best calculated to preserve the integrity of our territory and citizens from being transferred to a Foreign Power.

MONDAY, Jan. 16.

Mr. Sweat arose and said, Mr. President-Since the last adjournoccurred which it becomes my duty, to jamin Pike, one of my colleagues, sena-By surveys which have been made, for from York district, expired at his ment, it is known and certainly ascer- But a few days since he was in his seat tained, that the place of residence, as at this board; he is now numbered awell as the place of meeting, of those of mong the dead. Surely this is a loud forcibly carried before a foreign tribunal the discharge of his duties as a senator, and there condemned and punished, was those of us who have been associated with Mr. Pike in this branch of the Leg-The course which shall be adopted by is ature, can bear testimony to the indethe General Government, as well as by fatigable industry, and the patriotic sucthis State, is pregnant with most import- cess with which he ever devoted the ant consequences, and while the people best efforts of a discriminating mind,of Maine look to the wisdom and pow- characterized by strong common sense er of the Union for that protection which and sound judgment. So far as he has each State, they also look to this Legis- commanded respect. Allow me to say, diciary be instructed to inquire into the negatived. Mr. Stewart proposed alature for the adoption of all measures, Mr. President, that in the town of Saco, expediency of so amending the law for nother amendment, to fix it at 46,000. which may tend to obtain that protect the place of his nativity and residence, the support of Paupers, that in all ac- This was discussed until near 4 o'clock, tion, and to secure to every citizen of and where he has been known in pri- tions brought for their support where when the committee rose, & the House Maine the sacred rights of liberty, and vate life, he has been universally esteem- their settlement is contested, that the adjourned.

This State having protested against chusetts, and for several years he has and reports of Legislative Committees, pensation of divine Providence, his surthis subject, which have been communi- bereft of a kind, affectionate provident Saco of one of its best citizens.

Mr. Megquire offered the following resolution:

As it has pleased the Sovereign Disposer of events to remove by death the Hon. Benjamin Pike, a highly esteemed member of this board, from the county of

York. Resolved, That the members of the House. Senate, as a mark of their respect for the remainder of the session.

On motion of Mr. Ingalls, Ordered-General Government with unlimited informing that body that in consequence new facts to be laid before Congress.— his neighbors, and the same again when ate will forthwith adjourn to half past 2 and two Senators there, and we had rea veniences, there is another which is

AFTERNOON.

On motion of Mr. Keith, Ordered,-That—be a committee to inquire into the expediency of erecting a monucoln, now interred in the public grounds and every head of department had inment over the remains of Enoch Lin--and Messrs. Keith and Boutelle were appointed on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Bridgham offered a resolve which was read once and ordered to be read a second time on Wednesday, viz:

Resolved, That the Age, a newspaper printed in Augusta, be, and the same is hereby declared to be the public news-

Resolved, That all resolves of parts of resolves inconsistent herewith, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

IN THE HOUSE.

MONDAY, Jan. 16. The report of the Warden of the State Prison was received, and 300 copies or dered to be printed.

A communication was received from Mr. Webber, Councillor elect, declining

that office. Communications were received from the Clerks of the counties of Washington and Penobscot, stating the amount of fees received in their offices during

the last three years. Mr. Frost called up the order introduced by him on Friday last. While the Speaker was reading the order, a message was received from the Senate announcing the death of Mr. Pike, Senator from York, and informing the House that the Senate had adjourned, and requesting the concurrence of the House.

Mr. Dane of Kennebunk then rose and addressed the chair nearly as fol-

Mr. Speaker; To say that the intel ligence just communicated is melancholy is only repeating a trite observation .-The deceased was upwards of fifty years of age-a respectable mechanic-a na tive of Saco, where his life had been characterized by acts of usefulness and benevolence-where his fellow citizens had for a series of years entrusted to him their most important Municipal concerns A more general expression of the confidence of his fellow citizens was manifested by placing him in the station which he so recently filled. In noticing the death of such a man we show a respect for the people who elect him.

The constant echo of the voice of disease in this Hall should remind us that death may be near us. By pausing for a moment in our regular business to reflect on this occurrence we shall come together better prepared to execute the important trusts confided to us. I therefore move that this House do now ad-

The House then adjourned,

ford, the House took up the report of the pension roll. the committee on contested elections, against the right of Moses Shaw to a seat in the House, as representative from Wiscasset,

The Speaker read a printed report concluding with a resolution that Mr. Shaw was not duly elected. The report and resolution were adopted with out opposition.

Mr. Dummer offered an order, that the town officers of Wiscasset be notified of the vacancy, and required to order an election for the purpose of filling it.

Mr. Clifford moved that the order be laid on the table, and that Wednesday next at ten o'clock, be assigned for taking it up. After the presentation of several petitions, the House adjourned.

IN SENATE. TUESDAY, Jan. 17.

lurg town in the Legislature of Massa-1 otherwise.

IN THE HOUSE. TUESDAY, Jan. 17.

A communication was received from the Clerk of the Courts in Kennebec papers already—it appears too narrow in County, stating in part, the amount of proportion to its other dimensions, as fees received in his office, during the you approach it either from the North

Ordered, That the committee on the Ju- its front, it exhibits a magnificent apmay be referred to your Committee do lions and intimate acquaintances of a diciary be directed to inquire into the pearance. The granite walls and pillars State shall pay costs of defendents in gantly wrought. The inside of the builcriminal actions, when said defendents ding is also finished in a very beautiful shall be acquitted.

so much of the Governor's Message as the Representatives' Hall, which is relates to the North Eastern Boundary quite too small for convenience or comand abduction of citizens, was received fort. The seats are circular and so con-. from the Senate, and taken up in the structed that each member sits facing

to Washington.

was then adopted, 77 to 25.

report his observations at length. When

An order was introduced by Mr. Hamlin and passed to instruct the Commitexpediency of providing by law for the uniform promulgation of the laws of this State by public newspapers or oth-

On motion of Mr. Clark of Hallowell, Ordered, That the joint Committee on actions against Town and Plantations generally from three to five dollars for damages happening to persons, their per week exclusive of washing. teams, carts and carriages, passing and travelling thereon from any defect in the highways.

22D CONGRESS-FIRST SESSION.

IN SENATE. THURSDAY, Jan. 12.

Mr. Holmes presented the petition of Jeseph Wright, late a pensioner of the Afternoon .- On motion of Mr. Clif- United States, praying to be restored to

Some time was spent in the considertion of executive business.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. THURSDAY Jan.. 12

Mr. Jarvis, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill for the relief of Prosper Airy, which was read twice and committed.

The resolution introduced on a former day by Mr. Bouldin, on the subject of ad valorum duties on certain goods, was then taken up; Mr. Stewart moved to refer it to the Committee on Manufactures instead of the Committee on Commerce. A debate ensued, which continued till the expiration of the hour .-The House then went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Hoffman in the chair, on the apportionment bill; the amendment of Mr. Ordered, That the committee on Ju- Jenifer, to fix the ratio at 45,000, was

· death in N. Y. the 28th ult.

STATE HOUSE, &C.

The general appearance of the State House has been well described in the or the South; but when you arrive at a On motion of Mr. Parsons of Sebec, - point where you can have a fair view of style, and all the different departments The report of the joint committee on seem to be pretty well planned except the Speaker's chair. In the front seats Mr. Belcher, of Farmington, moved but two members can sit, but they into amend by striking out the sixth and crease in length as they receed back, will wear crape on the left arm during last resolves, which provide for the ap- and six are required to occupy some of pointment of an agent to be sent to the back seats; so that if a member in Washington. Mr. B. said in support of the middle wishes to step out he is under his motion, that he was not aware of any the necessity of disturbing 2 or three of son to suppose they were well acquaint- quite as much to be regreted, as it is the ed with the subject, and fully competent cause of producing even more disturbto attend to the interest of this State. - ance in the House than the one above He for one, he said, had such entire alluded to. It is the want of suitable acconfidence in the National Administra- commodations for spectators, lobby memtion, that he doubted not the President bers, &c. There are, to be sure, two small galleries, which by the bye, are formed themselves of all the facts in the generally filled; but upon the floor of case, and that we should have justice the House there is only a narrow passage, done us without sending a special agent say 4 or 5 feet wide, running across the Hall back of the members' seats, and Mr. Lowell offered to amend the a- there is no entranc to the Hall except by mendment by striking out in the sixth a door at each end of this passage. The resolve, all after the word Governor, - passage is generally filled with spectaand inserting in lieu thereof, "be directors, who are obliged to stand and look ted to forward a copy of this report and over the shoulders of the members; and if tion submitted to the King of the Neth- published the laws and resolves of a published to the Sana and short and sho notices, or orders required by law to be tors and Representatives in Congress." the crowd as well as he can. On the Mr. Belcher accepted the amendment right and left of the Speaker's chair perof Mr. Lowell, and Mr. B's amendment haps a dozen spectators can be accommodated with seats, and these are gen-Mr. Williams, of Augusta, said he erally occupied by lawyers, or judges, misunderstood the question before the or generals, or some others, who proba-House. He supposed it was on adopt- bly consider themselves entitled to & ing the amendment offered by Mr. Low- distinguished seat. The Senate Chamell to the amendment of Mr. Belcher .- ber is sufficiently large to accommodate He did not before understand that the that body well, and affords about asamendment offered by Mr. Lowell was much room as the House of Rep's. The accepted by the gentleman from Far- Senate Board is formed of two semi-cirmington. Mr. W. therefore requested cular tables, the one within the other, some gentleman who voted in the ma- with an opening in the centre for a pasjority, to move a reconsideration, that sage by which the members pass tothe subject might be again open for dis- their seats. This is located in the North wing of the building. In the South wing Mr. Smith, of Westbrook, accordingly is the Council chamber, which is also moved a reconsideration of the vote to pretty large and convenient. The Hallof the House of Rep's. Senate and Coun-Mr. Williams then spoke at consider- cil chambers, are each furnished with an able length in favor of reconsideration elegant glass chandelier: that in the & in favor of sending an agent to Wash-Rep's. Hall is very large. The offices ington. He thought some good might of Sec. and Treas. of State, Adg't Gen'l. be done, and no expense should be spar- and Land office are upon the lower floor ed. The echo of the influenza preven- and I believe are very convenient. There ted our hearing him distinctly enough to are also in the building not less than a dozen rooms appropriated to the use of Mr. W. took his seat, the motion to re- Committees, besides rooms for the enconsider was put and carried, 65 to 33. grossing Clerks, lobbys, &c. With re-The Report and Resolves were then read gard to the Hotels, I am unable to say a second time and passed to be engross- much: but believe there are several very good ones here.-The new brick one is calculated for a very large establishment, and has considerable company, tee on the Judiciary to inquire into the including a very considerable number of members. The Governor has taken up his quarters there, and perhaps others have been induced from his example to stop there also. Palmer's Hotel, situated near the Court House, is I believe also cosidered one of the first hous-Roads, Bridges and Canals be instructed es in the place. The price of board is to inquire into the expediency of repeals generally higher than at Portland, so ing or modifying the remedy by civil far as I can understand. It seems to range

Portland Courier.

The Age in copying Mr. Clay's recent resolution in the Senate, heads it withthe caption of "Mr. Clay's System Abandoned." It is not true that Mr. Clay hass abandoned the American System; he is taking the most effectual measures to secure its permanency, and so the Southern men in Congress undertand it. Take the duties from articles not produced in this country, and the other duties must remain because they are wanted for revenue. Mr. Clay was never in favor of high duties on unprotected articles, to obtain a revenue to be expended in internal improvement. That is a coinage or misrepresentation of his political opponents. They impute to him views he never entertained, and when he publicly proclaims their error, they, instead of correcting it, accuse him of deserting his own System .- Kennebeck Journal.

Fire.—The dwelling house of Capt. Jacob Weston in Duxbury, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night, with all its contents. Capt. Weston, Mr. George Cushman, a revolutionary pensioner. and the widow Southworth, an aged lady, all perished.

In Woodbridge, N. J. an aged colored woman, named Old Tracy, 105, burnt to death by her clothes taking fire from hertobacco pipe.

The whole number of deaths in Bos-A young female was found frozen to ton in 1831, was 1429; a number larger by several hundreds than in 1830,

The Observer.

NORWAY, TUESDAY, JAN. 31. · Hung out your banner on the outward wall."

FOR PRESIDENT,

HENRY CLAY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOHN SERGEANT

TWe intended a few strictures upon the subject of the following communication ere tais time, but we were deprived of the paper, and therefore we now give place to a 'A Free! Man' who has anticipated many of the remarks ceeding the manufacture of linseed, sperm which we should have made. We do not con- and even olive oils.—Mr. Barritz of sider the discussion of the question of slavery as extremely imprudent." We deem the adversity or prosperity of one State as affecting oil last autum, which the editor of the the interests of another in many respects. On Farmer has examined in all its stages. this principle we will maintain our ground. MR. GOODNOW,

Sir,—The Editor of the Age seems to be atfected with a very delicate sensibility for his to feel some of the miseries of slavery recoil upon their own heads. He reprobates the question of the blacks, discussed in our Lyceum, as " ill chosen, ill timed and highly reprehensible." He styles the present generation of southerners "an innocent generation" not deserving "by way of punishment" the "calamities," which a just and bemeficent providence has brought upon them .-He calls them as "patriotic a people as ever existed." If in reality they be as great patriots as ever existed, ought they not to show some sympathy at least for those, whom they, or their fathers have torn from their country, their homes, and from every thing else which can render life a blessing. "The southern people," says he, "are not insensible to the curses of slavery. They do not regard the slave holding privilege as an original benefit. It is true that they are beginning to learn, by experience that the "way of transgressors is hard," and that " the oppressor shall not go unpunished," but I have yet to learn whether they would consider all the sufferings of the poor slave himself, a very great evil, if they did not fear that it would recoil on their own heads. But why this sensibility to the evils of slavery now? Why; merely because they are not the sole lords and are not now able in every instance to keep the slaves under as formerly and therefore they fear that retaliation which their own hearts would prompt them to, were they in the place of the slave. We have no squeamishness, lest our southern brethren should think us "ungenerous" in expressing our sentiments at the present time; we have told them, and we tell them again, that we de test their conduct as slave holders, and that we regard every effort of the blacks to regain their liberty, in what way soever it may be manifested, as worthy of the name of patriotism; and while we express to them our sentiments, that we would not willingly lend our aid in suppressing the rising germ of liberty in the blacks, we assure our brethren that we will cordially co-operate with them in any measures for the honorable emancipation of all the blacks from the thraldom of slavery. A FREE MAN.

Norway, Jan 24, 1831. COLD WEATHER EXOUGH.—The mercury o an accurate Thermometer in Minot, stood on Friday morning last, 21 degrees below zero :and on Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, very near 22 degrees below zero!

At a meeting of the "Oxford County Lyceum," instituted for the promotion of intellectual and moral improvement, holden at the Court House in Paris, on Wednesday evening. January 25th, 1832,

The meeting was called to order by Levi Whitman Esq. Peter C. Virgin, Esq. was elected President

Thomas Clark, Esq. was elected Secretary

On motion of the Hon. Stephen Emery, Voted, That the following be the order of exercises of the evening, viz: Singing-Address by the Rev. Amos J Cook-Singing-Reports of Committees. Whereupon, after singing Rev. Amos J. Cook delivered an address to the

On motion of Levi Whitman, Esq Voted That the Committee appointed to report "what are the reciprocal rights, powers, and duties of parents, scholars, and teachers, in their relation to our public schools," now report, which re-port was read by the Han Stephen Emery, and

On motion of Levi Whitman, Esq. is accepted, and directed to be published in the several

papers printed in the county. On motion of the Hon. Stephen Emery Voted, That the "Standing Committee of Literature," appointed "to examine all school such as are now offered for public patronage; any new book should be substituted for any other in use or supplied in addition to books used in schools," now report-

stated "that altho" he was chairman of said Committee, he had been unable to confer with any other member of the Committee, yet he had prepared something in the shape of a Report for himself, which might or might not be read, as the Society desired"—and said report was read, by request of the Society—and On motion of T. J. Carter Esq. Voted, To

recommend the subject, and that three members be added to the Standing Committee on Literature, to be appointed by the Presidentwho whereupon appointed W. K. Porter, T. J. Carter and Henry Farwell, Esquires.

On motion of R. K. Goodenow Esq. Voted That when the association adjourn, they adsucceeding the third Tuesday of May next.
On motion of R. K. Goodenow Esq. Voted.

That the thanks of this society be presented ciety this evening.

On motion of T. J. Carter Fsq. Voted, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by On motion of T. J. Carter Esq Voted, That

this Society now adjourn. PETER C. VILGIN, President i ro tem. Тиомая Стакк, Sec'y, pro tem,

13 We think the Editor of the Augusta Courier as much mistaken in his sayings respecting our article upon catamounts, as he was in seeing Capt. Jack Downing fishing for smelts on the river at Augusta.

LYCEUM.-WEDNESDAY EVENING BEST. Question-Is a man justifiable, under ordin ary circumstances, in léading a single life?

SUNFLOWER OIL.

If we may credit a statement in the American Farmer, the production of sunflower oil is likely to become a great business in Pennsylvania-quite superand even olive oils.-Mr. Barritz of York, Pa., made a large quantity of this The cultivation of the sunflower for oil about to be caried into effect. is said to be much more profitable to the farmer than the production of linseed oil. Each bushel yealds a gallon, worth one southern brothren, who are JUSTEY, beginning dollar. The oil cake nearly pays for the Also Mr. Tornel submitted his papers extaction of the oil, it being an excellent on his return from the United States article of food for horses and cattle.

The sunflower oil has been tried in paint, and found to answer an excellent purpose, as it dries with great facility. It answers a good purpose for lamps--having this advantage over sperm oil that it is perfectly free from offensive smell. For the table, the Editor of the Farmer, who has used a great deal of it, says it is cheaper and to many has more agreeable flavor. He shall neve use oliv oile while he can get the sun

In the extraction of the oil, the pro cess is the same as with flax seeb, excepting that the sunflower seed must be hulled before being ground. For this purpose a machine is used. The production of liuseed oil is rapidly declining in Pennsylvania, before the popularity of that extracted from sunflower seed.

Whether all this account is to be credited without any allowance for the des- Pinto, and Sergeant Major Domingo Lakind to be found in market. Most of the others were confined as prisoners in the Wicking, &c. &c. sperm is mixed with coarser whale oil, crstle of Omoa. It is also stated that which appears very well; and painters Truxillo had declared for Dominguez assure us that it is with great difficulty party. they can obtain unadulterated linseed House we believe has suffered from the impositions of the manufacturers of oil. Aug. Courier.

The Globe and other Jackson papers are insinuating most dishonorably that the ball which has been lately extracted from Jackson's arm, was put there by which it would, were it a fact, but says | zine. the ball was lodged there during the war. Yes, indeed, it was lodged there during the war. But who lodged it there? Col. Thomas Benton now in the U. S. Senate, and one of Jackson's Regulars in that body. It was lodged there in that bloody affray which Jackson had with the two Bentons, Jesse and Thomas. Such is the fact universally known and undenied at Washington. Why then does the Globe prevericate, attempt to put distant presses upon a false scent? Most at the request of several distinguished certainly there can be no other cause. Then what can we think of the administration organ, which, under the eye of the President, attempts to deceive the Porland Advertiser. public?

The unfotunate individual who has the stamp of darkness impressed upon his complexion, seems to be buffeted and repelled from all parts of the land proscribed from one spot, he seeks another only to be met with contumely and reproach; and go where he will, he is never free from persecuting contempt and insult.—Virginia is considering the importance of expelling the free blacks from her territory, and Ohio has already prohibited their introduction there, and Books now in use in our public schools, and now Pennsylvania, as matter of self-prservation, is designing to adopt similar promay think proper to be recommended for the scriptive measures. When all the states use of schools; and to examine all school books in the Union have passed similar statutes T is devoted exclusively to agriculture, hor- 16 cts.; Do. do. 3-4 wide 12 1-2 cts.; large mend it with renewed confidence to that may be hereafter published, and report to prevent an influx of a free colored race, their opinion of the same, signifying whether whene shall the liberated black go, and where shall he reside? This seems to us an approximation to a strange state of Whereupon the Rev. Mr. Cook rose, and things, and nothing but extermination, domestic, as is interesting to them, with regard 42 cts.—Sherings. 9 to 12—Super Tickings total and entire, can render compliance with such strange legislative proceedings possible. - Northampton Courier.

> GIRARD'S WILL. The last Lynn Recorder refers to this Will in the following pertinent style:

We are not informed what part of his immense wealth was obtained from the product of his slaves; but it appears that while his thoughts were turned tofourn to meet at Paris, on Wednesday evening wards the termintion of all earthly tihngs, he claimed the right to retain the blacks in bondage, and even after twenty years to the Rev. Mr. Cook, for the able and interest- more of degrading servitude, they and ing address with which he has favored the So- their offspring are to be sold, and the proceeds applied to adorn the city of New-Orleans. But in the day of generthe President and Secretary, and published in al retribution, the oppressor and the op the several newspapers printed in this county. pressed must be arraigned before a just tribunal, where no difference of complexion or desparity of wealth will avail to avert the awful sentence.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Late and interesting from Mexico-By the ship Congress, Capt. Minor, we have ly by calling or sending to Barton's and teceived Vera Cruz papers to the 4th inst inclusive. They contain an Acta of the garrison of Vera Cruz, demanding of His Ex. the Vice President of the Republic, the dimissal of his present ministry. The ambitious and talented Gen. Santa Anna being at the head of the movement, there is no telling where it will end.

Among the passengers in the Congress is G. B. Jamieson Esq. bearer of a Commercial Treaty between Mexico & the U. States. This Treaty has long been hanging by the eye-lids, & we are glad to see any indication of its being

The Charges de Affaires of France and Guatemala were presented to the Vice President on the 23d December.

Some disturbances had taken place in the State of Jalisco .- N. Y. Journal of

Disturbances in Gautemala.-From letters published in the Redactor of Saturday, it appears that the town and garrison of Omoa, on the 20th November, pronounced against "the tyranical government of President Morazan," deposing the officers acting under his command, and inviting Col. Vicente Dominguez, who had been expelled from the country by Morazan, to return and place himself at the head of the new movement. The invitation was accepted. On the 28th he left the place of his retirement, accompanied by several other officers, and planned an expidition against the castle of St. Felipe del Golfo, which was executed with so much suc-

oil. Some of the work in the State St. Petersburg, we learn that on the evening of the 19th, the line of battle ship Fort Champpenoise, Rear Admiral Plate, having just returned from a 6, years cruize in the Mediteranean, and on the point of hanling into the Mole, took fire and burnt to the water's edge -225 souls perishing in the conflagrathe enemies of his country. The Globe ated from a lantern being imprudently to call. does not make such an assertion directly, left open while sweeping out the Maga-

> A paragraph from Digby, Nova Scotia, states that the fine packet Caroline had been lost, and every person on board perished, including seven heads tion numbered Eight, in the County of Oxford of families. A brig had also been wreck- and State of Maine, that they are taxed in ed and six of the crew lost.

> Polish Standards. Lafayette, in a Range, 7-No. of Lot. 8-No. of Acres, 100this city, acknowledges the receipt of 1829-\$7,65. the Polish Standards, and says they have, Poles in Paris, been for the present deposited at his lodgings, where they be-He adds:

> 'How much delighted I have been with this new specimen of Bostonians' sympathy for the cause of freedom and patriotic heroism, and with an additional token of your kindness to me, nobody in your beloved city will question. I however beg you to present the young vid Dana's) among which aremen of Boston, the worthy grandsons of BLACK. BLUE, OLIVE, BROWN & MIXT my revolutionary companions, with a particular tender of my gratitude and devoted affection.

The American Farmer.

A neut weekly paper in quarto form, edited by GIDEON B. SMITH, is published in Baltimore, (Md) by I. IRVINE HITCHCOCK, at \$ 5 per annum.

Liculture, and rural and domestic economy. Linen and Cotton Damask TARLE CLOTHS 50 It contains also every week the prices current to 7,25; Gloves 25 cts.—fashionable Belt in the commercial and common markets, of the Ribbons. 10 to 20 cts.—Plains 25 cts.—Can- as powerful application for this anto the current value of their produce CONTENTS OF No. 45, VOL. 13.

Prize Essay, at the Liverpool Agricultural | &c. &c. at the lowest prices. Society's Annual Meeting, 1831; by the Rev. Henry Berry, concluded—On Planting—On the Culture of Plantations; Soil, Pruning, Good White and Blue Mixt and col'd Woolen a Hedge Plant-Fruits-Inquiry-Wine Making-Instructions for Fishermen-Bots in Horses-State Agricultural Convention-Immense number of Mice-Editorial-Prices Current in New York and Baltimore-Advertisements.

MARRIED,

At Black Lake, L. I. Mr. James Anderson, to Miss. Anne Bread.

While toasts their lovely influence spread And fops around them flutter, I'll be content with Anne Bread And won't have any but her.

DIED.

In Minot, Mr. John, and Abel Chandler .brothers, aged about 35, of the Influenza.

Cash in Market!

In various sums to suit purchasers, onbuying a Ticket. He has just sold a prize of Fire Hundred Dollars, and is disposing of them every week.

3wis 33 Jan. 30, 1832.

NOTICE

FARMERS. TO

I right of making and vending Joof Turner, Buckfield, Paris, Hartford, Sumner, Hebron, Oxford, Norway, Greenwood and Woodstock, and have commenced the business of manufacturing said machines.

Persons wishing to supply themselves with the above article are requested to call and examine for themselves.

Terms liberal. EZRA F. BEAL.

WM. STEVENS. Norway, Jan. 10, 1832.

GERMAN ELIXER.

An invaluable medicine for Colds,-Coughs, and Influenza, for sale at the Oxford Bookstore. ASA BARTON,

Agent for the State. 3 wis 33

New Coods. Cheap for Cash!!

JERE. MITCHELL

AS just received a good assortment of Domestic and Foreign GOODS, among cess, that on the 4th of Dec. he made himself master of the post without firinga buckram, Duck, Califores, Cambrics, Muslins, gun, taking prisoners the commandant Bobinett Lace, Footing, Edging, Pearling, Pip- cation for STIFFNESS OF THE JUINTS; ling, Gimp, Ticking, Crape, Brown Sheetings, do. Shirtings, bleach'd do., Bonnet SILKS criptions of sanguine manufacturers, re- ra. He has captured 1700 muskets, out Millinett, Battiste, Cane, Linen, Vestings, Coat mains to be seen. We are persuaded, of 2000 arrived from Eugland for the Buttons, Vest do., Pearl do., Ribbons, Belt do., however, that something ought to be government, 500 carbines, 500 pair of Tapes, Twist, Sewing Silks, Braid, Cord, Floss done to protect the public against many pistols, 500 sabres, and 12,500 pounds Wound Wire, Hooks and Eyes, Pins, Kid Gloves, Silk do., Flag Silk Hdkis., Imitation current deceptions in the manufacture of of powder. Commandants Pinto and do, Fancy do., Cravats, Suspenders, Factory oils. There is very little pure oil of any Pena Lara, the Durantes, and some Ginghams, Umbrellas, Copperplate, Batting, ALSO,

> Y. II. Tea, Southong do., Coffee, Chocolate Cinnamon, Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Starch Loaf Sugar, Brown do., Tobacco, Rice, Rais-By the ship Franklin. New-York from ins. S. Soap, Corn Brooms. Fish, Glass, blown Salt, Indigo. Nutmers, Cloves, Bedcords, Paste Blacking, Combs, Sal Nitre, Wafers, &c. &c. LIKEWISE,

Crockery & Glassware. Drugs, Mitdicines, Ar. Ar. Kr.

As it is the intention of J. M. to sell exclusively for Cash, persons wishing to purchase tion. The fire was said to have origin-lany articles in his line of business will do well

Norway Village, Dec. 22, 1831.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE,

PLANTATION NO. 8. OTICE is hereby given to the non-resi dent Proprietors of Land in the Plantabills committed to me to collect for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, in the

letter to William Rand Stacy, Esq. of Value, \$75,00-Deficient highway tax for

And unless said tax together with all neces sary intervening charges are paid to me the subscriber on or before the second day of May next, so much of said land, as will be sufficient to pay said tax and charges, will be sold at come an object of ptriotic pilgrimage. | Public Vendue, on that day, at one o'clock af ternoon, at the School-house in District No two in said Plantation numbered eight.

JOHN REED, Collector. December 13th, 1831.

Great Bargains.

RE to be had at the store of the subscriber, No. 1, Mitchell's Buildings, (opposite Da

verified our project CLOTHS:

from 150 to 400; English MERINGES and CIR-CASSIANS, 30 to 50 cts; WIDE BLK. and Col'D. LUSTRING SILKS fm 50 to 67 cts.; Wide GREEN LUSTRING, 57 cts.; CRAPES, from 250 to 350; Pongees 42; good dark Calicoes from 10 to 20; SHAWLS of all kinds; FARCY HOKES. 17 to 75 cts.; Super Flag SILK HOKES. yard square 75 cts.; Col'd Cambrics yard wide encourages the Proprietor to recomprincipal commodities which farmers want to BLETS 33-blk. and col'd Bombazerrs 17 to 25 buy or sell, and such intelligence foreign and cts .- Green FLANNELS 30 cts .- wide Bocking 15 to 26 cts. Also, white Cambrics, Musling, by this esteemed Ointment. It con-Cotton Hdkfs. Buttons, Sewing Silk, Twist,

WANTED,

Thinning; Remedies for Accidental Injuries YARN, Undressed and Full CLOTHS, for Natural Diseases of Forest Trees; Of the which the highest price will be give. And cents. Tanning afforded by the bark of Different Spe- any person from the Country wishing to purcies of Trees-Some Observations on the Cul- | chase any article or dispose of their cloths on ture of the Cherokee or Nondescript Rose, as reasonable terms. will find no necessity for "GOING FARTHER"

W. D. LITTLE. Portland, Dec. 16, 1833. 12w27

UST received and for sale at BARTON'S,

the Surface of the Globe and the Changes thereby produced in the Animal Kingdom, by Baron G. Cuvier, translated from the French, with Illustrations and a Glossary, in 12mo. with plates. An Essay on the character and writ-

ings of Sr. Paul, by Hannah Moore. Buck's Theological Dictionary. Payson's Sermons and Memoirs.

HEBRON ACADEMY.

HE Spring Term in Hebron Acads I emy will commence on Wednesday the 22d day of February next, under the tuition of Mr. DUDLEY P. BAILY, at graduate of Bowdoin College, who is sufficiently recommended by proper and competent judges as sustaining a good standing as a scholar, and well qualified for the service he has undertaken, and of umblemished moral character. He is also recommended by those who have HE subscribers have purchased the employed him, as an acceptable instructor. Therefore youths of both sexes are SEPH D. PRESCOTT'S Improved WIN- invited to try the advantages of this In-NOWING MACHINE, for the towns stitution, and it is confidently believed, that their reasonable expectations will not be disappointed.

JOHN TRIPP, Sec'y. Jan. 17, 1832.

NOTICE

To Rheumatic Invalids.

ERSONS suffering under Rheu matic Affection are respectfully assured, that they can obtain of the proprietor and his agents a safe and admirable remedy for RHEUMATISM, however obstinate the disorder may be, and in all its different stages.

DR. JEBB'S

Rheumatic Liniment! will efford immediate relief to the patient, and has sometimes been attend= ed with such extraordinary success as to cure the most distressing Rheumatism in twenty-four hours, even when of

years standing: . This highly valuable Liniment is recommended with a confidence founded on the experience of many years, not only as a cure for that exeruciating disease, but as an excellent appli-NUMBNESS, SPRAINS, CHILBLAINS, &c.

(This article is considered so superior to every thing else, and to possess such uncommon virtues, that it is ordered from distant parts of the country:)

An agent recently writes: "Please send me a further supply of Jebb's Liniment the first opportunity-I shall probably sell a considerable quantity, as it is recommended by some of our physicians very highly, although contrary to their rules and regulations to give encouragement to such (or, patent) medicines." But it is a most decided proof of their confidence in its invaluable properties:

Another agent writes: "I wish you to forward me some more of Jebb's Liniment, which has recommended itself very highly." Price 50 cts. a bottle:

The painful and debilitating complaint of

THE PILES. receives immediate relief, and in numerous instances has been thoroughly cured, by the

administration of

Dumfrie's Remedy for the Piles: HIS approved compound also mitigates and removes the symptoms which frequently accompany that disorder, and increase the danger of the patient, viz: pains in Loins

tion, and other marks of debility. A relieved Patient writes from a distance, "It is but justice to inform you, that I have used your Dumfrie's remedy for the Piles for sometime past, and have found it eminently successful."

-Headache-loss of appetite-Indiges=

The remedy is quite innocent, and may le administered to all ages and both sexes. Plain and ample Direc tions, with a description of the complaint, accompany each packagewhich consists of two boxes, one containg an Ointment, and the other an Electuary .- Price \$1 for both articles, or 50 cents where but one is wanted.

DUMFRIE'S Itch Ointment!

HE extensive sale and establish ed reputation of Dumfrie's Itch Ointment;

the public, as a most innotent H's well noying disease. The most inveterate cases have been curry in one Hour! tains no Mercury, or other noxious ingredient, and may be confidently applied even to the youngest children, or to pregnant females. Price 37 1-2

* * None genuine unless signed on the cutside printed wrapper by the sole Proprietor, T: EIDDER, immediate successor to the late Dr. W. T. CONWAY. For sale with all the other "Connay Medicine;" at his Counting Room; No. 99, next door to J. Kidder's Drug Store, corner of Court and Hanover streets, near concert Hall, Boston; and by his special appointment, by ASA BARTON, who has for sale at-A Discourse on the Revolutions of general assortment of Drugs and Medicines. Large discount to those who buy to sell

Norway Village, Ang. 31 9 FOR SALE, Good New Single SLEIGH .-Terms liberal: Inquire at this

office. Jan. 17. Rook and Job Arinting NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

POWINY.

From the Churchman. THE PARTING YEAR.

Farewell! I go to that shadowy land, Where my fathers slumber—a mighty band; I go to the years that have pass'd away, To the ages that sleep in their silent decay. To the buried joys, to the hopes and the fears. That have smil'd on, or darken'd, the vanish'd years.

I go, and farewell to thee, dreary earth, There's a cloud on thy joy, there's a tear in

thy mirth; For transient and faint is thy sunniest day, And thy visions of gladness will fade away, And the song, and the dance, and the festal And the harp's wild music is heard no more.

Farewell! since I smiled in infancy, s bloom, A thousand have gone to the silent tomb: A father weeps o'or his cherish'd son. And a mother laments for her nursling gone; The sailor-boy sleeps in the bring wave, And the soldier has found an early grave,

Farewell, farewell! for the summer hours Have faded away like the dewy flowers: The bird has flown to a warmer clime; The bee has forgotten her favorite thyme: The winter is here, with his snow wreath'd

Parewell! I may not abide with ye now.

Mortals, I go to that shadowy land Where my fathers slumber—a mighty band: O! ever remember, to you must come The fatal hour that will seal your doors: Then seek that bright world where the angels dwell-

Where years have no ending-Faerwell, fare well!

From the Liberator.

The Rev. Legh Richmond mentions in one of his letters, the emotion which it excited in him, to see, during the communion service, a negro kneeling down by the side of Wilberforce,

Encel, negro, thou hast refuge! By that venerated form, From those mildly beaming eyes Will come no glance of scorn.

'T is the champion of thy cause-He, who trusting in the power Of Him, who girds the weak, Was strong in fearful hour.

He hath met the battle's rage With firm and fearless breast; Nor till the victory 's won, Will he lay his spear in rest.

He hath shaken off, like dew drops, The pageantries of earth, And the hope that guides him onward Boasts of immortal birth.

And earthly fame before him Shrinks to a thing of naught: Let his only monument Be the good that he has wrought Kneel, negro, by his side,

Here thou may'st know no other; But a follower of the Crucified, He will greet thee as a brother. Now up to Heaven ascending,

The prayers of both are going, The noble heart befriending, And the grateful one o'erflowing. And both alike are seen

By their Maker and their God;

Alike are both redeemed By the dying Saviour's blood. True, man may speak of difference, But earthly chains are riven-

And the voice of pride is stilled Before the throne of Eleaven.

EDITORIAL DIFFICULTIES.

Next to poverty, delinquent subscribers and duns, to which most editors are subject, the greatest difficulty is to please the public. For so great is the variety of public taste and feeling, that had the conductor of a periodical paper as many heads and as many pens as his paper has readers, he could never hope to please all; for they cannot please themselves. Does he speak out in language plain and simple? it is mere common place; the taste of the learned is not gratified; it is fit only for the vulgar. Does he aspire to elegance? the unlearned cannot understand, and the learned regard him as a pedantic fellow, dabbling in what he has no real pretensions to Does he show his colors, and boldly contend for his ground? he is too severe. Does he hide himself behind a mass of equivocal matter? he is a temporizing hypocrite. If he publishes extracts that are better than he can write, he has no talents of his own to display; and if he fills his paper with original matter, he might have given something better from the works of others. If he attempts to philosophize, it is dull and uninteresting: and if he write on plain and familiar subjects, every body knew them before. Does he attempt to instruct? he needs to be instructed. Does he use his en deavors to amuse? it is light and trifling. People generally are fond of being praised, and one would suppose this might satisfy them. But let an editor try the expedient, and he will soon find out his mistake. For such is the power of envy that no one will thank him for praising him, and every one will hate him for praising others. Most people are fond of hearing their neighbors slandered; but if you attempt to point out either the vices or follies of mankind, every annualy made at Middletown, Ct. One one will find something applicable to factory alone makes about 90,000, behimself; and here again you encounter sides 15,000 axes, 60,000 dozen of fanthe hatred of the whole mass. Every cy soup, and 30,000 bandboxes. person can tell you how to conduct a paper to please himself, and of course to A glass factory, and two adjoining offend every one else.-These being buildings were destroyed by fire in New

for an editor to please himself if he can, and hazard the consequences. If he does this he will be certain of satisfying one, which is more than he can say if he tries to please all.—Upland Union.

AUGUSTA, State of Maine, Jan. 19. 1832. To the Editor of the Portland Courier.

My dear old friend,—If I could n't write to you once in a while, I don't anne but I should oi . When any thing has kept me from writing two or three weeks, I get in such a taking, it seems as though I should split, and the only way I can get relief is to take my pen and go at it. The reason why you have here, and it is nothing but cough, cough, the whole time. If a member gets up to speak, they all cough at him. If he says any thing they like, they cough at it; and if he says any thing they dont like, for the better, and the contents are much en- Imitation & Plaid they cough at it. So let him say what riched. He believes that the volume now pro- Tartan Plaids-Petersham Coating-Kerseyhe will they keep a steady stream of coughing. I've been amost sick for a the engravings, and the value of the contents, Changeable Gros de Nap week. Some days I want hardly able to by any other periodical: and he safely asserts set up. But I'm getting cleverly now, and I hope I shall be able to let you hear from me once or twice a week dur- for this work, have, of late, much increased. | CANTON CRAPESing the session.

well this winter. Some say that some Periodicals. From both, selections are made Rich Bonnet Ribbons; folks have tried to trg 'em two or three with much care. To secure a sufficient quan- Italian Crapes-Green Barriage; times, but I dont hardly think that is the tity of original MATTER, and to enable men of Barriage Veilscase, for they hav n't been stopt once. And as I said in my last letter, if my science of our own country, the publisher gives Thread and Bobinett Edgingsfriend Mr. Knowlton stands as foreman, a compensation to his correspondents, comand keeps his broad shoulders to the mensurate to the support he receives. wheels, I dont believe they will stop this winter. By the way, I made a little no other periodical has such a profusion of ele- | Silk Cotton Flaggs, small mistake about Mr. Knowlton's gant and expensive engravings. Executed in and Bandanna hat. I should n't have thought it worth general by the first artists in the city, they silk and corron umbrellas. while to mention it again, if the Augusta will suffer nothing by a comparison. These Real Merino, Thibet, form a considerable item in the expenses of the Valentia, Raw Silk, work, and in one year exceed the whole cost of Cassimere and Cotton. it as though I did u't mean to tell the publishing some periodicals, for the same length | Russia and French Table CLOTES, truth. Now you know Mr. Editor, I of time, the subscription price of which is no 7-4 and 8-4 White Damask do. would n't be guilty of telling a falsehood for my right hand. When Mr. Knowl- Portraits of distinguished characters; plates of ton called the members to order the the Newest Fashions, both of Europe and Afirst day of the session, I certainly thought | merica; Views of American Scenery, particu- Brown Shirtings and Sheetings, I saw him holding in his hand a broad larly striking and interesting; Natural History; Bleach'd do. brimmed white hat. It might be my imagination, remembering how he used subjects may be deemed calculated to instruct, to look, or it might possibly be the hat interest and amuse. of the member standing by the side of him, for I was some ways off.

that it does not see any straighter than jeets which deeply affect his prosperity; to other folks, I will jest mention that it give a taste for the rich, pleasing and beneficial recently received from one of the best manu told a wrong story about me last week. It said that since my arrival here I might their powers and ontich their understandings generally be seen mornings and evenings with substantial information, are matters which short noticd. down on the river fishing for smelts Now I dont doubt the Journal man did to find no language over his past labors, see somebody fishing for smelts, but I culated to detract from the beauty of virtue, or have n't been on the river since I've to show vice in a less hideous aspect than it rebeen in town, and he should be careful ally is. how he makes such assertions. Not that my good stars and President Jackson, I standing, and give a zest to graver and more dont have to fish for either now. I'm pesky fraid the general government may settle that hash down there to Mada- ranged expressly for the work. The popular where he will build all kinds of COTwaska as Mr. Netherlands that they left out to, recommended. If they should I'm afraid my jig would be up about fighting a battle very soon or getting to be Presi-

Our party's got into a dreadful kind of a stew here about who shall be next if not paid until the end of the year. Agents other. We've got into such a snarl about it, I'm afraid we never shall get unravelled again without cutting off the tangles, and that would divide us so we never should hold together in the world. I wrote to the Argus yesterday, to be sure not to reply to the Age for its ungentlemanly remarks about Judge Preble, and hope it will be prudent enough to follow my recommendation. We must try to hush these matters up, or it'll be the death of the party. I've had a serious talk with friend Ruggles, and am in hopes he'll put his hand over the Thomaston paper and not let it belch out any thing have determined to offer the following premithat our enemies can make a handle of. ams, viz:-And I guess we shall have a caucus and try to put accoler on the Bangar Republi

can and the Age. The Legislaters like Augusta considerable well, if it did'nt cost 'em so much more than it did in Portland for a living. Such as had to pay two dollars and a half in Portland for board have to pay three and four dollars here. When I for seven and six pence a week, and any where, was ten and six pence. The Augusta Courier last week said something about the folks here giving me a public dinner. I should like it pretty well, for I have rather slim dinners where I board. If you see cousin Sally, I wish you'd jest ask her if she has time before and after school, if she'll knit me a pair of faotings and send 'em up by the stage driver, for mine have got pretty full of holes, and I have n't any body here to mend 'em. Your old friend,

Capt. JACK DOWNING.

Upwards of 200,000 coffee mills are

stubborn facts there is no alternative but! York on Wednesday evening 18th inst.]

Prospectus of a New Volume. ATKINSON'S CASKET.

OR GEMS OF Literature, Wit, and Sentiment.

A MONTHLY PERIODICAL.

Each number containing 48 royal octavo pages of letter press, embellished with at least one copperplate, and several wood engravings, and one or more pieces of music.—The work forms at the end of the year a volume of about 600 pages, to which an elegant engraved title page and a general index are added.

HE number of volumes of the CASKET which have already been published, and Blue, Black, the faithfulness and punctuality of the publish- | Mix'd, Brown, er in fulfilling his contracts with his patrons, n't heard from me this fortnight past, is in respect to their contents, are sufficient, with Green & Mulbury) AND AMERICAN this dreadful furenza. We've all got it | those at all acquainted with the work, to show its true character.

The constantly increasing patronage bestow-ed on the Casker has enabled the publisher to English, French and German MERINO'S; make considerable improvements in the work. English and American FLANNELS; Its typographical appearance is much changed posed will not be exceeded in respect to typo- Durk and Light CALICOES of ev'ry descripgrapical execution, the quantity and quality of | tion. it to be the cheapest publication of the kind in Bl'k, Blue Bk. Gros de Berlin

The facilities for obtaining suitable articles | Bl'k Twill d Synchaw Some of the best literary publications of Eu- Rich Gauze, Crape, The wheels of government go pretty rope are regularly received at the office of the Palmyreen, Bagdad, CASKET, as well as the prominont American Thibet and Crape talent to prosecute their labors with success, English double ground bl'k Silk VEILS; and contribute to advance the literature and Black and white 4 4 & 5-4 Bobinett Lace;

In respect to the Embellishments which ap- | Linen Cambrick; pear in the work, the publisher believes that | Linen Cambrick, Imitation, less than the Casket. The subjects of the en- Gloves and Hosiery; gravings will continue to be as heretofore-Embroidering; Foreign and Domestic Architecture ; Botunical Plante, and whatever other

To inculcate sound virtuous precepts, and guard the thoughtless against the snares of vice; to lend the youthful mind to the contem-Now to show the Augusta Journal, plation of those sublime and all important subenjoyments of literature and learning, and to facturer's in Germany, and warranted the best hold out inducements for the young to cultivate the publisher trusts he will ever keep in view.

Due attention is also paid to Foetry, Anerdote. Light Reading, Simusing Sketches, and I think it's any more disgrace to fish for those etceleras which relieve the mind from the smelts than to fish for office; but thank labor of close study, which refresh the underimportant compositions.

Each number of the Casker contains at least one piece of Music, which is selected and arand newest airs are always at command to afford a judicious selection.

Nothwithstanding the many extra expenditures and the heavy expense of the fine engravings, given monthly, it is not the intention of patch—Surgeon's Instruments made and the publisher to increase the price of the Cas- repaired-Guus repaired, &c. &c. KET. When paid in advance it will be furnished for twelve months for \$2,50; or for \$3,00, Senator to Congress and one thing an - at a distance remitting six subscriptions are entitled to a copy grants, and 10 percent. for col- built at short notice, on reasonable terms lections. Complete sets for 1823, 1829, and 1830, supplied to order.

> TOrders FREE OF POSTAGE, will meet prompt attention Persons at a distance will find the mail a safe conveyance for ordering the work and enclosing remittances.

***Subscriptions for the above received at this office, and forwarded free of expense.

PREMIUMS.

HE publishers of the LADY'S BOOK impelled by a sense of gratitude for the unprecedented patronage which has been hestowed upon their work, and anxious to improve its character by every means in their power,-

FOR THE BEST ORIGINAL TALE, WRITTEN FOR THE LADY'S BOOK, 200 DOLLARS. FOR THE BEST ORIGINAL POEM, SUITABLE FOR PUBLICATION IN THE LADY'S

BOOK,

Competitors for the Premiums, will address their communications, free of postage to L. A. was in Portland, I used to get boarded GODEY & Co. No. 112 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, before the first day of June, 1832, here the cheapest I could get boarded at which time, as many as shall have been received, will be submitted to a committee of lit erary persons, whose judgment shall determine | BEANS, BUTTER, LARD, &c. &c the distribution of prizes.

Accompanying each communication, the of country produce. name of the writer must be furnished. If secrecy is preferred, the name may be enclosed in a separate sealed envelope, which will not be opened except in the case of the successful can-It will, of course be understood that all arti-

cles submitted for these premiums will be absolutely at the discretion of the publishers. The publication of the Tales and Poems will

be commenced immediately after the award is

Journal of Health.

1 25 per annum or sixteen numbers can be had for one dollar, remitted post paid to SAMUEL COLEMAN, Portland, Dec. 7. for Agent Maine.

MATANTED, in payment for the Observer all kinds of Produce. Also-WOOD and BARK.

NEW FALL GOODS.

AS recently received (at the old stand of IJUS. HARROD,) Corner of Exchange. and MIDDLE STREETS,

a complete assortment of Fall and Winter

SUCH AS LONDON, GERMAN, BROADCLOTHS Olive Brown,

Drab, Blue, Black and Mix'd CASSIMERES SATTINETTS;

Real Goat's Hair CAMBLETS.

Gros de Warsaw SILUIS. Gros de Swiss

FANCY HDKS.

Quillings -Long Lawn-Irish Linen-Linen Sheeting-

MDHFS. SHAWLS.

Thread, Spool Cotton, Tapes, Pins. ALSO.

Tickings-Checks-Ginghams.

The above articles, together with a variety of other articles, will be sold at the lowest pri ces for CASH or approved credit. IFS. K. W. has on hand and entire assort

ment of genuine

Dutch Bolting Cloths,

article imported. He can also furnish the BURR STONE at

Portland, Nov. 10, 1831. 3m23

MOTICE.

Joseph C. Green ESPECTFULLY informs the pub

tic that he has established himself as an Iron Machinist at "STEEP FALLS," IN NORWAY,

TON and WOOLLEN MACHINERY -all kinds of Iron Work turned, drilled and finished with neatness and des-N. B. Iron Axles for Waggons and

Chaise turned for 37 1 2 cents a piece. WOOL CARDING MACHINES and warranted to be first rate.

WANTED.

Immediately, 12 or 15 cords of WOOD in exchange for work or for FURNITURE Norway, Nov. 24, 1831.

Co-Partnership.

OTICE is hereby given that the subscribers have formed a connection in business at the head of Long Pond, (so called) in Harrison, under the firm of G. & H. PIERCE & CO. where they have for sale a large and extensive assortment of East and West India. English and American

GOODS,

which they will sell at low prices for Cash o Country Produce They therefore invite their friends and acquaintances with the public at large to call and examine for themselves. OLIVER PIERCE,

GEORGE PIERCE. HASKELL PIERCE.

Harrison, Nov. 10, 1831. TATANTED immediately, in pay-

ment for the Oxford Observer, good WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, Also, Butter, Cheese, and most all kinds

THE OXFORD OBSERVER.

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Those subscribing for a year, who do not, either at the time of ordering the paper, or subsequently, give notice of their wish to have the paper discontinued at the expiration of their year, will be presumed as desiring its continuance until countermanded, and it will be continued accordingly at the option of the pub-

ble for any error in any advertisement beyond patients do not take doses large enough. the sum charged for its insertion.

more than one year's standing.

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HEALTH S. CUiteD. BY THE USE OF THE HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES

BRITISH COLLEGE OF HEALTH, LONDON;

Which have obtained the approbation and recommendation of some Thousands of

N CONSUMPTIONS, CHOLERA MOR-Bus, Inflamations, internally or externally; DYSLEPSIA, FEVERS, AGUE, INDIGESTION, BILLIOUS OF NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, & all diseases of the LIV-ER: YELLOW FEVER, GOUT, RHEUMA-TISM, LUMBAGO, TIC DOLOREUX, ST. VITUS'S DANCE, EPILEPSY, APOPLEXY, PARALYSIS, PALSY, GREEN SICKNESS, and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which sends so many of this fairest portion of the creation, in Consumptions. to their untimely graves; SMALL POX, MEASLES, WHOOPING COUGH, SCAR-LET FEVER, ASTHMA, JAUNDICE, GRA-VEL, STONE, & all URINARY OBSTRUC-TIONS; FISTULA, PILES, STRICTURES, RUPTURES, and SYPHILIS, in all its stages; CONSTIPATED BOWELS, WORMS, Scurvey, Itchings of the Skin,-King's Evil, and all Gutaneous Dis-ORDERS; in short, every Complaint to which the human frame is so direfully subject, under all their varied forms and names; as the HYGEIAN conviction is.that

MAN IS SUBJECT TO ONE ONLY REAL DISEASE THAT IS, TO THE IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD,

from whence springs every Complaint that can possibly assail his complicated frame; and that it is the perpetual struggle of this vital, pure stream of life, the gist of Almighty power, to disencumber itself of its viscous, acrid humours, with which it has become commixed, through the negligence of patents; the ignorance or maltreatment of the Doctors; or the vicious, or gormandizing propensities of us all.

This valuable Medicine, being composed only of vegetable matter, or medicinal herbs, and warranted, on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial. mineral, or chemical substances, (all of which are uncongenial to the nature of man, and therefore destructive of the human frame) is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or the weakest frame, under every stage of human suffering; the most pleasent and benign in its operation, and at the same time, the most certain in searching out the root of every complaint, however deep, and of performing a cure, that was ever offered to the world. This wonderful effect, too, is produced by the least possible of all trouble to the patients, by merely swallowing a certain number of small pills, and being called a few extra times to the purposes of evacuation, with the least possible sensation of feeling, or pain, or exaustion of bodily strength, and without the fear of catching cold, or attention to dress or diet, in any way different to their accustomed

These pills cure in all cases, and can in no way be outdone. Experience,which is the touchstone of all human knowledge, has long borne testimony to the fact; and extensive use of them, has already verified its truth in this country.

These Medicines cure by purging and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate, are in a few days strengthened by their operation, because they clear the body of its bad humors; they invariably too, procure a sound sleep. They are the safest and most efficatious Medicine to take to sea; preventing all scurvy,-

costiveveness, &c.

The operation of this (in every case) mild medicine, which conveys immediate conviction of its utility from the first dose, is as beneficial to the mind as to the body; first calming, then curing all Mental derangements, Eccentricities, Nervous Affections, Irritabilities, and Restlessness, from whatever source : complaints. which have heretafore not been properly understood, as the Hygeists have found them all to proceed from accrimonious humors in the blood, and, happily for the present and future race of mankind, discovered a cheap and universul mode of purifying, curing, and prevent-

The being cured of any disease, infirmity or sore, is now no more a dubious or uncertain procedure-perseverance in the Vegetable Universal Medicines will always restore nature to her due course. The literary and sedentary of both sexes, whose pursuits so much impair the faculties, will find a sure remedy in the Universal Medicines for preserving the energy and sprightliness of pay Cash in advance, or within three months the imagination, and improving their health; Old age will be attained by the use of them, and passed free from pain and infirmities.

These require none of the mysteries of other medicines. They only require to be persevered in with sufficiently large doses, and the patient will always come The publisher will not hold himself responsi- off well;—when a disease is obstinate,

**For sale by the subscriber, who is the on-Interest will be charged upon arrearages of ly authorized Agent for this County, and every box sold by him is warranted to be direct from All Letters and Communications intended London Certificates of cures may be seen by ASA BARTON.

Norway Village, Sept. 26, 1831.